# STEPS TO PERFECTION

**GRADE** 

An Islamic Curriculum For Children

#### STUDENT WORKBOOK



Under the Guidance of NABI R. MIR (ABIDI)





Acknowledgments.  Preface.  Goals  A Letter to Teachers  Transliteration Guidelines.  *AQĀ'ID	2 4 5
CHAPTER 1: A REVIEW OF THE SHAHĀDAH.  Worksheet 1.1.  Art Extension 1.1  Coloring 1.2  Worksheet 1.3.  Worksheet 1.4.  Art Extension 1.4	9 . 10 11 . 12 . 13
CHAPTER 2: UṢŪL AD-DĪN  Worksheet 2.1a.  Worksheet 2.1b.  Worksheet 2.1c.  Art Extension 2.1	. 19 . 20 . 21
CHAPTER 3: TAWḤĪD: WHO IS ALLAH?  Worksheet 3.1.  Coloring 3.2  Worksheet 4.1.	. 24 . 27
CHAPTER 5: NABŪWWAH & IMĀMAH  Worksheet 5.1a.  Worksheet 5.1b.  Worksheet 5.2a.  Worksheet 5.2b.  Worksheet 5.2c.  Worksheet 5.2d.	. 31 . 32 . 33 . 34 . 35
VVUINOHIGGL J.ZU	. 30

Worksheet 5.3a	
CHAPTER 6: QIYĀMAH.  Coloring 6.1	40
CHAPTER 7: ALLAH'S CREATIONS & THEIR JOBS  Worksheet 7.1.  Worksheet 7.2.	43
FIQH	
CHAPTER 1: FURŪʿ AD-DĪN.  Worksheet 1.1a  Worksheet 1.1b	47 48
Worksheet 2.1a. Worksheet 2.1b. Worksheet 2.1b.	53
CHAPTER 3: WUDŪ'  Worksheet 3.1  Worksheet 3.2  Activity 3.2	56 57
CHAPTER 5: ṢALĀH (PRAYERS)         Coloring 5.1       Worksheet 5.1a.         Worksheet 5.1b.       Worksheet 5.1c.         Worksheet 5.2a.       Worksheet 5.2a.	61 62 63 64
Worksheet 5.2c	66

CHAPTER 6: ŞAWM (FASTING)         6           Worksheet 6.1         6	
CHAPTER 7: ḤAJJ.       7         Worksheet 7.1.       7         Coloring 7.1       7	<b>7</b> 1
CHAPTER 8: NAJĀSAH & ṬAHĀRAH         7           Worksheet 8.1	
HISTORY & ISLAMIC KNOWLEDGE	
CHAPTER 1: ISLAMIC MONTHS	
CHAPTER 2: A REVIEW OF THE INFALLIBLES       8         Art Extension 2.1       8         Worksheet 2.1       8         Worksheet 2.2a       8         Worksheet 2.2b       8	31 34 35
CHAPTER 3: THE FIRST 7 MA SŪMĪN       8         Coloring 3.1       8         Worksheet 3.1a       8         Worksheet 3.1b       9         Worksheet 3.1c       9         Worksheet 3.1d       9         Worksheet 3.1e       9         Coloring 3.2a       9         Worksheet 3.2a       9         Worksheet 3.2b       9         Worksheet 3.2c       9         Coloring 3.2b       9	38 39 00 102 04 05 06 07
Worksheet 3.2d	

	Worksheet 3.3a	101
	Coloring 3.3	102
	Art Extension 3.3	103
	Worksheet 3.3b	105
	Worksheet 3.4a	106
	Worksheet 3.4b	108
	Worksheet 3.5a	109
	Worksheet 3.5b	.110
	Coloring 3.5	.111
	Worksheet 3.5c	.113
	Worksheet 3.6a	.114
	Worksheet 3.6b	.116
	Worksheet 3.7a	.117
	Worksheet 3.7b	.119
	Review: The First 7 Ma <sup>°</sup> ṣūmīn	120
CI	HAPTER 4: PROPHETS	121
	Worksheet 4.1	
	Worksheet 4.2	
	Coloring 4.3a	
	Coloring 4.3b	
	Art Extension 4.3	
<u> </u>		
CI	HAPTER 5: PEOPLE OF KARBALA	
	Worksheet 5.1	
	Coloring 5.2	
	Worksheet 5.2	133

	/
/ ^ 1 . T . T . T . T . T . T . T	
/	(ETIQUETTE)

CHAPTER 1: COMMON AKHLĀQ PHRASES	13!
Worksheet 1.1	136
Worksheet 1.2	
Coloring 1.4	
Coloring 1.5	139
Coloring 2.1	
Qur'ān Connection 2.1	
Coloring 3.1	
Coloring 4.1	143
Worksheet 5.1	144
Coloring 5.1	145
Coloring 7.1	146
Qur'ān Connection 8.1	

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Please remember all the people involved in this project in your prayers.

Authors and Editors: Moulana Nabi Raza Mir (Abidi) and Curriculum Committee

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## **Preface**

"All praise is for Allah (swt) whose worth cannot be described by speakers, whose bounties cannot be counted by calculators, and whose claim (to obedience) cannot be satisfied by those who attempt to do so; whom the height of intellectual courage cannot appreciate, and the diving of understanding cannot reach; He for whose description no limit has been laid down, no eulogy exists, no time is ordained and no duration is fixed. He brought forth creation through His Omnipotence, dispersed winds through His Compassion, and made firm the shaking earth with rocks."

#### - Nahj al-Balāghah, Sermon 1

Islamic Sunday schools and full-time Islamic schools in the West have struggled to create a dynamic curriculum for a long time. However, with the grace of Allah (swt), in the past few years, the Islamic educational field has experienced some great achievements. May Allah bless all those who have endeavored to put together Islamic information to help our children grow. This new edition is an attempt by Al-Kisa Foundation, School of Ahlul Bait (SAB), and RISE Academy to create a curriculum for children of today, which we hope is relevant, vibrant, and engaging. We referred to many different Islamic curricula throughout the course of developing this curriculum and are grateful to them for sharing their work.

As teachers, we are blessed to be able to inherit the honorable job of teaching from the Prophets. The Prophets' main mission was to teach and nurture the human being. As Allah says in the Qur'ān, "It is He who has sent among the unlettered a Messenger from themselves reciting to them His verses and purifying them and teaching them the Book and wisdom" (Noble Qur'ān, 62:2). Thus, as individuals who strive for our students, we have two main jobs: to teach our students and to nurture them through these teachings, so that they can develop their souls and fulfill the purpose for which Allah has created us. While teaching is the most valued job in the eyes of Allah, it also comes with many challenges. As teachers, we must constantly remind ourselves of the value of this great job.

It is our responsibility to nurture our children and students through knowledge and help them become individuals that make good choices, which will lead them to become true and strong believers. In this path, as teachers, we must remember to be reliant only on Allah, be hopeful, be sincere, be responsible, be safe, and be flexible.

The present curriculum also has a teacher's huide portion that we pray will be a useful tool and resource for teachers to refer to and aid them in their job of teaching. Inshā'Allāh, the Teacher's Guide will help you engage students and provide suggestions and ideas for projects to help students better grasp the material.

The philosophy behind this revision of the curriculum was to establish a strong foothold on the guiding force of our religion: the Uṣūl ad-Dīn and Furū ad-Dīn. That is why you will see that beginning from 1st grade, these two concepts are emphasized and gradually increase

# Preface (con't)

in depth all the way until 6th grade. Furthermore, we wanted to incorporate a more project-based and story-based curriculum that engages students and allows them to develop a strong bond with Islam and the teachings of the Ahl al-Bayt ('a).

We attempted to include general information that we felt children need to know in order to be educated and successful Muslims. Overall, the curriculum is divided into four core areas: Aqā'id, Fiqh, History, and Akhlāq. For grades 1-3, the Furū' ad-Dīn are included in the 'Aqā'id section, but for grades 4-6, it has been moved to the Fiqh section. This is in order for students to first understand the basics of the Furū' ad-Dīn and then gradually increase their understanding and practical application.

In each grade, we have covered all of the Uṣūl ad-Dīn and the Furū ad-Dīn, which are analyzed more extensively each year. It is our firm belief that a strong foundation gives way to a healthy growth, which is why there was great emphasis on this. We referenced many other curricula in developing this section and thank them for their contributions.

Furthermore, in the Figh section, we tried to incorporate those Figh topics that are relevant and integrate more stories in order to make it more interactive for students.

You will find that the History section has a greater emphasis on stories. By introducing the Måṣūmīn through stories that highlight their characteristics, the hope is that children will be able to connect to them and develop a bond and unfaltering love that will take root in their hearts. The History section in Kindergarten focuses solely on the Ahl al-Bayt (a). In first grade, the students learn about the first seven Måṣūmīn, and in second grade the last seven. Then, in third grade, they once again review all 14 Måṣūmīn. In fourth grade, students will learn about the lives and messages of the Prophets. Finally, in fifth and sixth grades, students will take a comprehensive look at the life of the Noble Prophet (ṣ).

We attempted to make the Akhlāq section aesthetically-pleasing through colorful illustrations, ahadith, and ayahs from the Qur'ān. In the older grades, we attempted to include more relevant stories that would allow them to form tangible connections with the lessons.

Any Islamic school should feel free to use this curriculum. If you are using this curriculum, please do let us know so that we may keep in contact. Similarly, please let us know if you have found any errors or would like to give us feedback; this will definitely help us, and is appreciated.

I want to thank all of those who were involved in this great project. I pray that Allah (swt) accepts our efforts and gives us more strength to continue our mission.

With Duʿās, Nabi R. Mir (Abidi)

### Goals

#### Dear Teachers,

Salāmun 'alaykum. Below are some basic concepts we believe children at this age should know. Use these learning goals and guidelines to better understand how much the child will learn and to better prepare yourself for teaching.

At the end of the book, there is an assessment for teachers and parents/guardians to evaluate the child and gauge if they have met these goals. While they take the test, check to see whether they are able to answer the questions independently or if they need some help. After they have completed the assessment, determine the areas they are proficient in and in which areas they still need guidance.

#### 'Aqā'id

- 1. Uşūl ad-Dīn
- 2. Shahādah
- 3. Names and attributes of Allah
- 4. Names of the 12 Imams

#### Fiqh

- 1. Furūʻ ad-Dīn
- 2. Difference between wājib and ḥarām
- 3. Actions of wudū'
- 4. Actions of salāh
- 5. Najāsah and ttahātahārah

#### **History**

- 1. Islamic months
- 2. The first 7 Ma'sūmīn: basic history and meaning of their names/titles
- 3. Prophets Ādam ('a), Dāwūd ('a), and Yūnus ('a).
- 4. People of Karbala

#### Akhlāq

- 1. Common phrases
- 2. Cleanliness
- 3. Public manners

## A Letter to Teachers

#### Dear Teacher,

Salāmun 'alaykum. You are honored with a great duty —the duty of the Prophets—and that is, teaching. As you know, teaching is an ever-evolving duty, and one that requires the teacher, him or herself, to constantly be in a state of learning.

As you may have noticed, the newest revision of the *Steps to Perfection* curriculum features a new form of transliteration with diacritic characters in all the books, from Kindergarten to 6th grade. The decision to switch to this standard was reached after much deliberation and through from our advisor board of scholars and educators. Due to limitations in the English alphabet, there are many different spellings of Arabic terms, none of which truly capture the pronunciation of certain terms, and there is no real standard that exists. This can be confusing for our children. Therefore, our main goal is to help them pronounce these terms correctly. If we teach them from the beginning, this will help them have proper pronunciation right from the beginning.

Although there is a slight learning curve on understanding how to read words according to the new transliteration standards, it is a useful skill. With these guidelines, we are better able to teach students the proper and correct pronunciation of Arabic words more accurately.

The first lesson in this book is a lesson on introducing the new transliteration standards to students and helping them understand how to read the words with the diacritics. We hope that this lesson will help students strengthen their pronunciation and recognition of Arabic words.

If you are not already familiar with the transliteration guidelines, we suggest you read through the first lesson so that you are more familiar and able to transfer this knowledge to students.

If you have any suggestions or feedback, please feel free to email us at <a href="mailto:info@kisakids.org">info@kisakids.org</a>.

# **Transliteration Guidelines**

Arabic terms in this textbook have been transliterated according to the following guidelines\*:

٤	a, i, or u (initial form)
٤	'(medial or final form)
1	a
ب	b
ت	t
ث	th
<u>ح</u>	j
ح خ	μ̈́
خ	kh
د	d
خ	dh
ر	r
ز	Z
س	S
س ش ص	sh
ص	ş

ض	d
ط	ţ
ظ	Ż.
ع	(
ض ط ظ ع ف	gh
ف	f
ق	q
خ	k
J	l
م	m
ن	n
٥	h
و	W
ي	У
ö	h (without iḍāfah)
ö	t (with iḍāfah)

<u> </u>	_	а
<u>²</u> u		i
<del>-</del>	9	u

آ / تا / ی	ā
جي	ī
<u>-</u> ُو	ū
Ĩ	à (medial form)

<sup>\*</sup>Please note that due to limitations, the transliteration is not 100% accurate in capturing tajwīd rules. To read with proper tajwīd, please refer to the Arabic.

# AQAID (BELIEFS)

# CHAPTER 1 A REVIEW OF THE SHAHĀDAH

### **Worksheet 1.1**

Practice writing the Shahādah.

LĀ ILĀHA ILLALLĀH

MUḤAMMADUR RASŪLULLĀH

'ALĪYYUN WALĪYULLĀH

WAṢIYYU RASŪLILLĀH

WA KHALĪFATUHU BILĀ FAṢL

# **Art Extension 1.1**

#### There is Only One God

#### **Materials:**

- Construction Paper
- Markers
- Scissors
- Crayons

#### **Procedure:**

- Pair students up. Have them trace each other's hands with a marker on their piece of paper.
   Make sure they trace a part of the arm as well.
- Have them cut out the traced picture of their hands and fold the fingers down, except for the index finger.
- On their cut-out, they can write "Lā ilāha illallāh— There is no god except Allah."
- 4. They can use crayons to decorate their cut-outs however they like.



# Coloring 1.2

# هُحَمَّدُ رَّسُولُ الله MUGAMMADUR RASÜLULLĀR



# Worksheet 1.3

What makes a good leader? Circle the pictures that show a GOOD leader like Imām ʿAlī(ʿa).



Steal



Offer şalāh



Read Qur'ān



Say bad words



**Help others** 



**Respect parents** 



Help the poor



Be messy

# Worksheet 1.4

Color the pictures and number them in order.



# **Art Extension 1.4**

#### Shahādah Mobiles

#### **Materials:**

- Shahādah pictures template
- Crayons
- Scissors
- CDs
- String
- Rubber Cement

#### **Procedure:**

- Have students color the pictures of the Shahādah and cut them out.
- 2. Give them a piece of string to tie onto their CD through the hole in the center.
- 3. Have them place the pictures in the correct order on their CD and recite each line and its meaning to you. Once it is correct, they can place rubber cement on the CD and paste the pictures.



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# Art Extension 1.4 (con't)



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# CHAPTER 2 UȘUL AD-DIN

## Worksheet 2.1a

There are five Uṣūl ad-Dīn! Find them in this word search puzzle.

Н	D	Q	Ε	Н	Q	U	Z	Н
Τ	Α	D	С	W	V	W	V	Α
Α	X	M	С	W	0	Y	Н	W
W	1	M	Α	M	А	Н	S	W
Н	V	S	Ε	Υ	А	M	В	U
I	J	U	V	L		K	Q	В
D	F	Α	Α	Q	Τ	Q	R	Α
Α	R	D	V	X	M	Р	F	Ν
F	Α	Ν	0	Z	Т	Α	0	M

#### **Word List:**

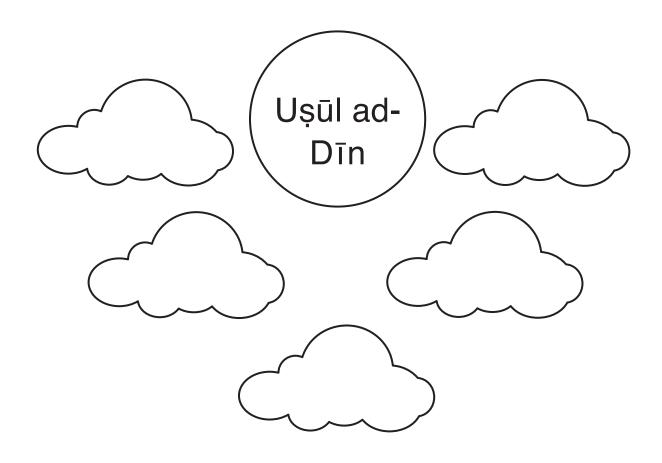
ADALAH IMAMAH TAWHID QIYAMAH NABUWWAH

<sup>\*</sup>Please note that diacritic marks (e.g.,  $\bar{a}$ ,  $\bar{i}$ , h) are not used for this word search. Instead, find the words without the marks.

# Worksheet 2.1b

What are the five Uṣūl ad-Dīn (Roots of Religion)?

Choose the right answers from the list below and write one in each cloud.

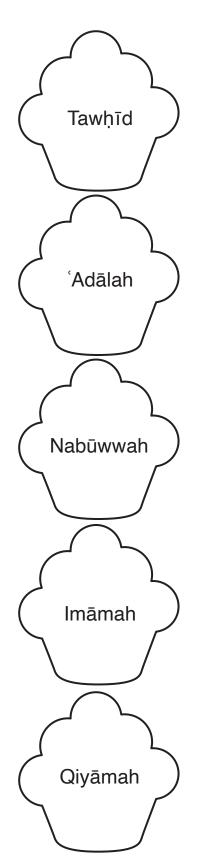


#### **Word List:**

<sup>°</sup> Adālah	Şalāh	Nabūwwah
Qiyāmah	Tawḥīd	lmāmah
Ḥajj	Jihād	Zakāt

# Worksheet 2.1c

Match the Uṣūl ad-Dīn with its correct meaning.



Allah is one

Allah sent us the 12 Imāms to guide us

There will be a day of Judgement

Allah is just

Allah sent Prophets to guide us

### **Art Extension 2.1**

#### Uşūl ad-Dīn Trees

#### **Materials:**

- Empty paper towel rolls
- Markers
- Green construction paper
- Scissors

#### **Procedure:**

- 1. On the paper towel rolls, mark off 5 evenly spaced lines.
- Give each child a roll and have them cut along these lines. They should be able to fan these out to make roots.
- On each root, have them write one of the Uṣūl ad-Dīn and its meaning. Alternatively, you could print out strips with the names.
- 4. Have them write ISLAM along the trunk of the tree.
- Give each child a piece of green construction paper that has the top of the tree traced on and have them cut it out. Alternatively, you could cut this out and give it to them.



- 6. On the top of the tree, have them write "Uṣūl ad-Dīn The Roots of Religion."
- 7. Have them make 2 slits on the top of the trunk. They can slide in the green part of the tree.

# TAWHID: WHO IS ALLAH?

# Worksheet 3.1

Cut out the pictures below and paste them into the correct columns on the next page.



# THIS PAGE HAS BEEN PURPOSELY LEFT BLANK

# Worksheet 3.1 (con't)

#### Allah is ...

ar-Rahmān	ar-Raḥīm

# Coloring 3.2

#### Allah is al-'Alīm

Allah is al-ʿAlīm. Color "Al-ʿAlīm - The All-Knowing" below.



ALL-KNOWING

# CHAPTER 4 'ADĀLAH: ALLAH IS JUST

## **Worksheet 4.1**

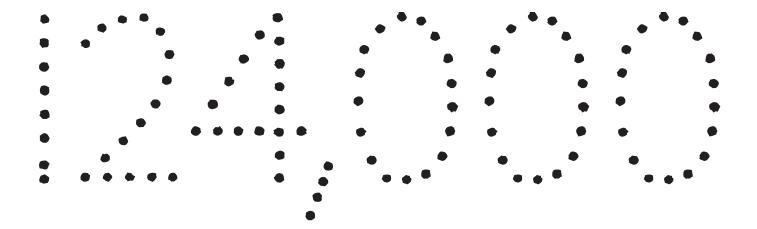
#### **ADĀLAH**

- 1. What does 'Adalah mean?
  - a. Allah is fair & just
  - b. Allah is unfair
  - c. Allah is kind
  - d. Allah is one
- 2. Sometimes, we don't have all of the information and think things are unfair, but
  - a. They are bad for us
  - b. Allah might not know what's best
  - c. Everything that happens is by chance
  - d. They are actually what's best for us
- 3. Allah is just means that He is always \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. What did we learn from the story of Husayn and Maryam?
  - a. It is not fair that Husayn didn't get the same bike
  - b. Allah gives us what is good for us
  - c. Husayn's parents were unfair
  - d. Husayn and Maryam should get the same gifts
- 5. 'Adālah is one of the
  - a. Uşūl ad-Dīn
  - b. Furūʻ ad-Dīn

# CHAPTER 5 NABŪWWAH & IMĀMAH

# Worksheet 5.1a

Connect the dots to see how many Prophets we have!



## Worksheet 5.1b

Unscramble the words to figure out the names of the first and last Prophets. Write the answers in the blank spaces.

Unscramble this word: DAMA

The first Prophet was

Prophet \_\_\_\_\_ ('a)

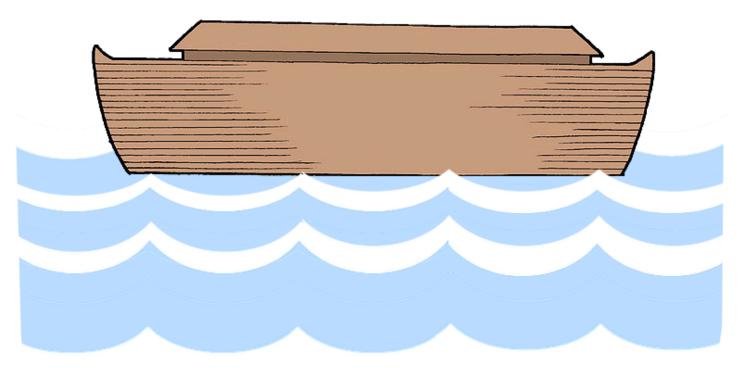
Unscramble this word: UHMAMAMD

The first Prophet was

Prophet \_\_\_\_\_(s)

## Worksheet 5.2a

Draw 12 flags on the ship below, one for each of the 12 Imāms.



"The Ahl al-Bayt ('a) are like the ship of Prophet Nūḥ ('a). Whoever gets on it will be saved, and whoever doesn't will drown."

## Worksheet 5.2b

Imām Muḥammad at-Taqī al-Jawād (ʿa)

Imām Muḥammad al-Mahdī (ʿaj)

Match the Imam's name to the correct number Imām Zayn ul-ʿĀbidīn as-Sajjād (ʿa) 1 Imām 'Alī('a) 2 Imām 'Alī an-Naqī al-Hadi ('a) 3 Imām Ḥasan (ʿa) 4 Imām Muḥammad al-Bāqir (ʿa) 5 Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa) 6 Imām Mūsā al-Kāzim (ʿa) 7 Imām Ḥasan al-ʿAskarī (ʿa) 8 Imām Ja'far aṣ-Ṣādiq ('a) 9 Imām 'Alī ar-Riḍā ('a) 10

11

12

## Worksheet 5.2c

### FIRST IMĀM

Find the letters: **I M A M - A L I** in the word search below.

A	Н	ı	M	W	K
ı	L	A	A	K	Α
X	Н	Н	М	Н	0
G	D	X	I	G	G
X	A	M	V	E	U

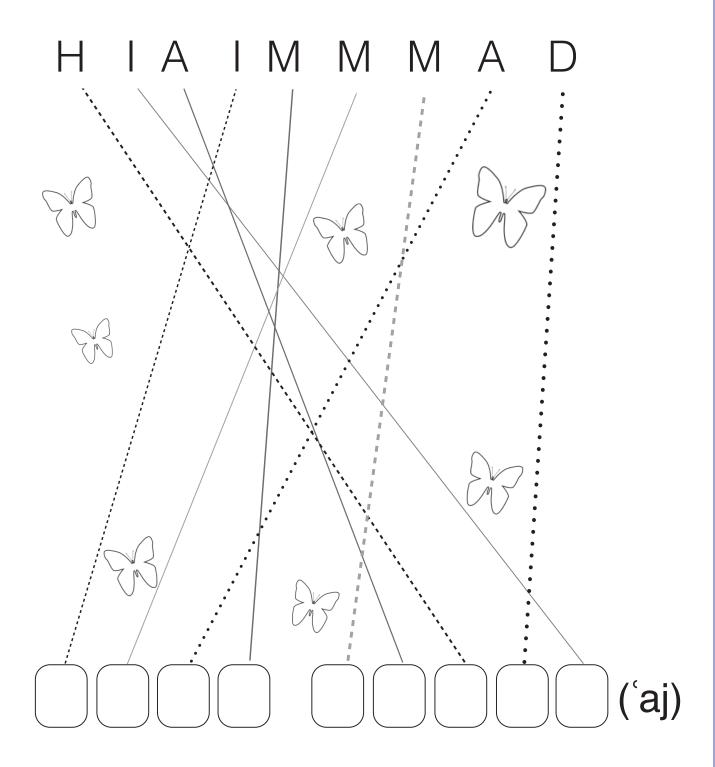
## Who is our first Imām?



# Worksheet 5.2d

## LAST IMĀM

Unscramble the letters by following the lines to find out who this person is.



# Worksheet 5.3a

## IMĀM AL-MAHDĪ (ʿAJ)

Circle all the things you would do as a follower of our Imām, Imām al-Mahdī (ʿaj).

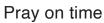


Love and follow the Imām ('aj)











# Worksheet 5.3b

### LETTER TO IMĀM AL-MAHDĪ (ʿAJ)

Date:

Dear Imām al-Mahdī (ʿaj),

Salāmun 'alaykum! With this signature of mine, I promise that I will try my best to keep you happy by:

- Respecting my mom and dad
- Praying on time
- Helping others and being kind to them

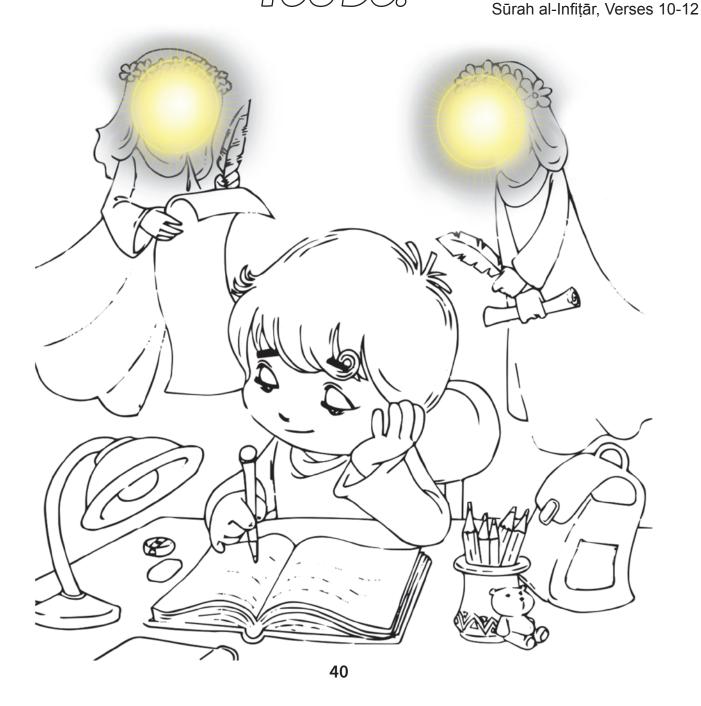
With du'ās and love,



# CHAPTER 6 QIYĀMAH

# Coloring 6.1

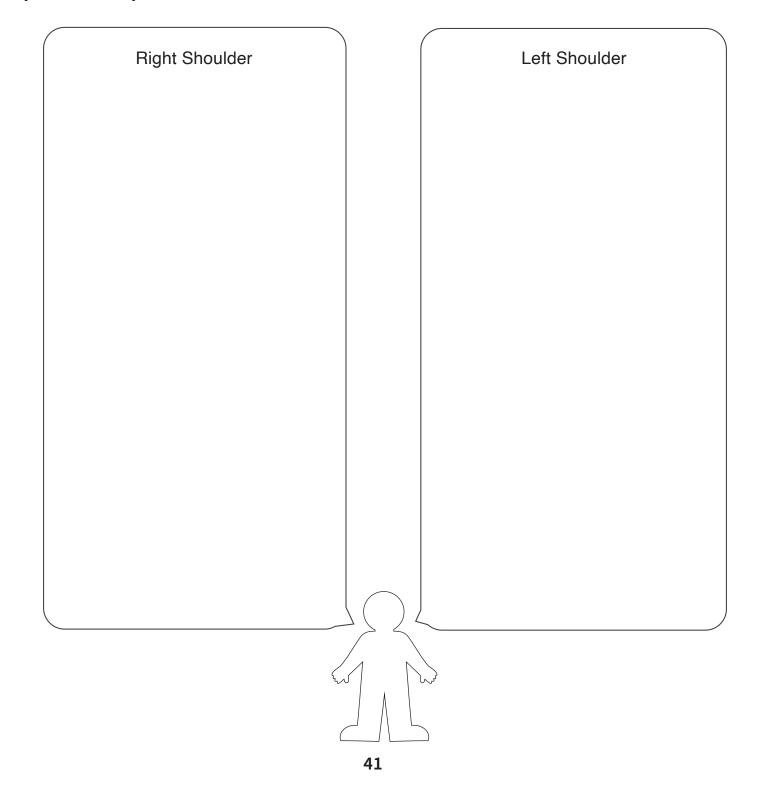
"SURELY, YOU HAVE PROTECTORS
(ANGELS) WATCHING OVER YOU.
THOSE PROTECTORS ARE NOBLE
WRITERS. THEY KINOW EVERYTHING
YOU DO. 20



## Worksheet 6.1

## Our Deeds

On your right shoulder, draw pictures of some good deeds you do that your angel writes down. Then, on your left shoulder, draw pictures of some bad deeds you might do that your angel writes down. Then cross out the left side, and make a promise to yourself that you will try not to do any more bad deeds.



# ALLAH'S CREATIONS & THEIR JOBS

# Worksheet 7.1

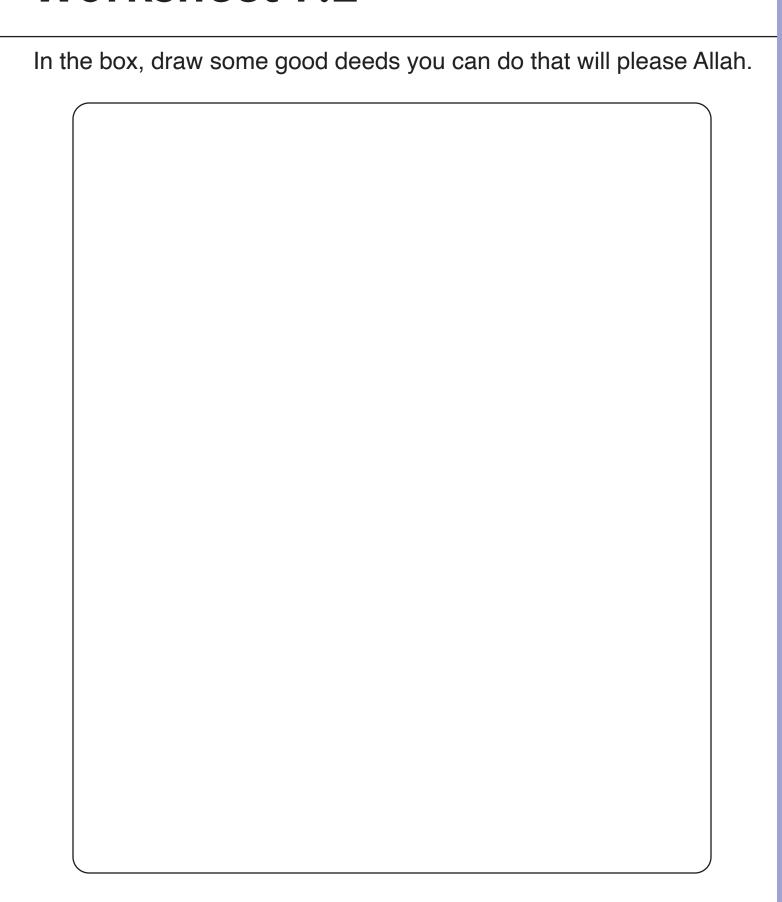
1. Before Allah made humans, he made

### Answer the following questions.

a. The sun

b. Angels
c. Jinns
d. All of the above
2. Iblīs is a
a. Human
b. Jinn
c. Monster
d. Bug
3. Allah made jinns from
a. Fire
b. Water
c. Leaves
d. Play-doh
4. Angels do whatever Allah tells them to do.
a. True
b. False
5. All jinns are bad.
a. True
b. False

# Worksheet 7.2



# FIQH (ISLAMIC LAW)

# CHAPTER 1 FURÜ AD-DĪN

# Worksheet 1.1a

Match the Furūʿ ad-Dīn with their pictures.





Şawm

Zakāt





3. Ḥajj

2.

4.

7.

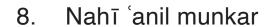












Amr bil ma'rūf



Tawallī 9.





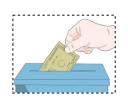




# Worksheet 1.1b

Cut out the pictures from the next page and paste them in the correct place. 48

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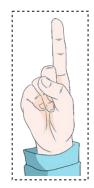
## **Roots of Religion**

Furū ʿad-Dīn













Uşūl ad-Dīn















**Branches of Religion** 

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# CHAPTER 2 FIQH TERMINOLOGY

# Worksheet 2.1a

Circle the things that are wājib.



Offer Şalāh



Wearing Hijab



Being good to parents



Helping the poor



Being honest



**Planting** 



Wuḍū' for Ṣalāh



Playing sports



Wājib Ḥajj



Respecting parents



Eating too much



Being kind to parents

# Worksheet 2.1b

### Circle the things that are harām.



Saying bad words



**Fighting** 



Bullying



Eavesdropping



Shopping



Yelling at parents



Eating pork



Lying



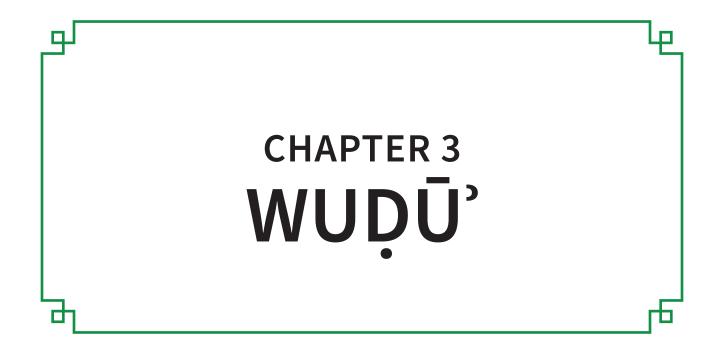
Being messy



Sleeping



Gossiping



# Worksheet 3.1

The following are the Mustaḥab actions of  $wud\bar{u}$ . Write how many times each one has to be done.



\_\_\_\_\_ times



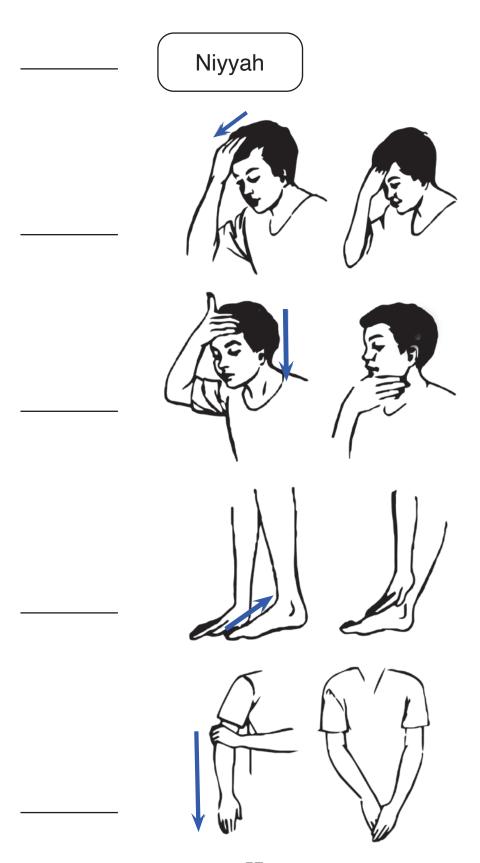
times



\_\_\_\_\_ times

# Worksheet 3.2

Number the wājib actions of  $wu\dot{q}\bar{u}$  to show the right order, then color them in:



# **Activity 3.2**

## Mr. Wuḍū'

#### **Materials:**

- Mr. Wudū' template
- 2 different colored markers

#### **Procedure:**

- 1. Introduce the class to Mr. Wuḍū', and tell them that today, we will be helping him perform his wuḍū' correctly. First, they will use a black marker to draw a face on him with eyes, a nose, and mouth.
- 2. Tell the students that one marker (e.g., blue) will denote mustaḥab actions and the other (e.g., red) will indicate the wājib actions.
- As a class, number the actions of wuḍū' with their correct color and how many times to do each action. (For example, the gargling should be labeled "3x" in blue.)
- 4. Here is a key of the answers:

Hands - 2x (mustaḥab)

Mouth - 3x (mustaḥab)

Nose - 3x (mustaḥab)

Niyyah - (wājib)

Face - (wājib)

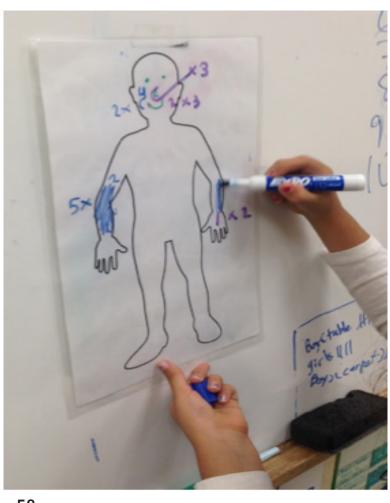
Right arm - (wājib)

Left arm - (wājib)

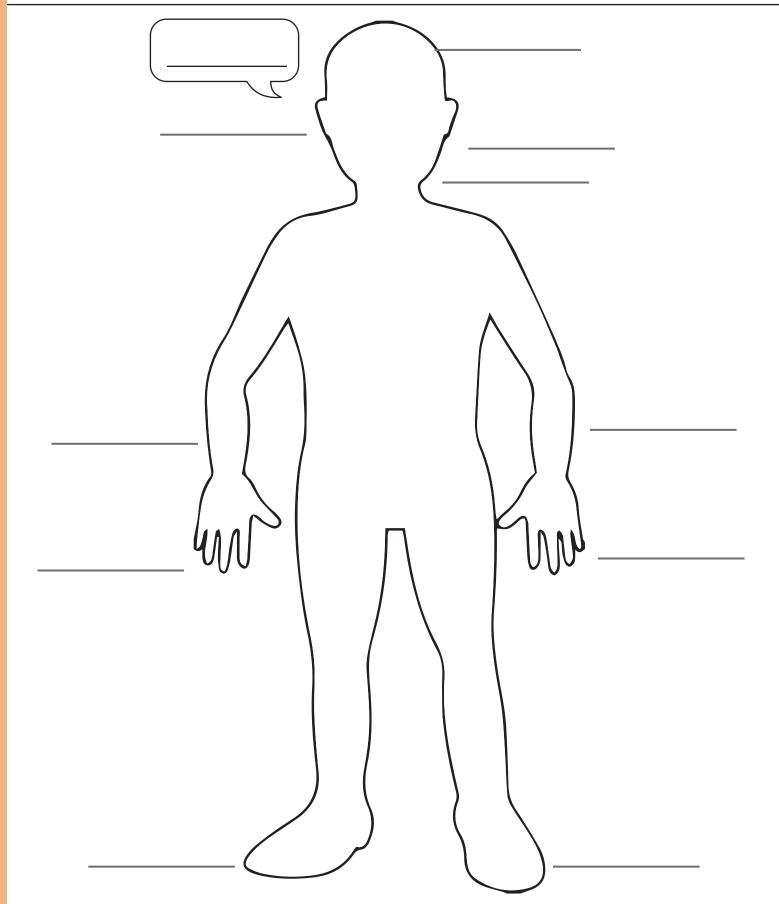
Head - (wājib)

Right foot - (wājib)

Left foot - (wājib)



# Activity 3.2 (con't)

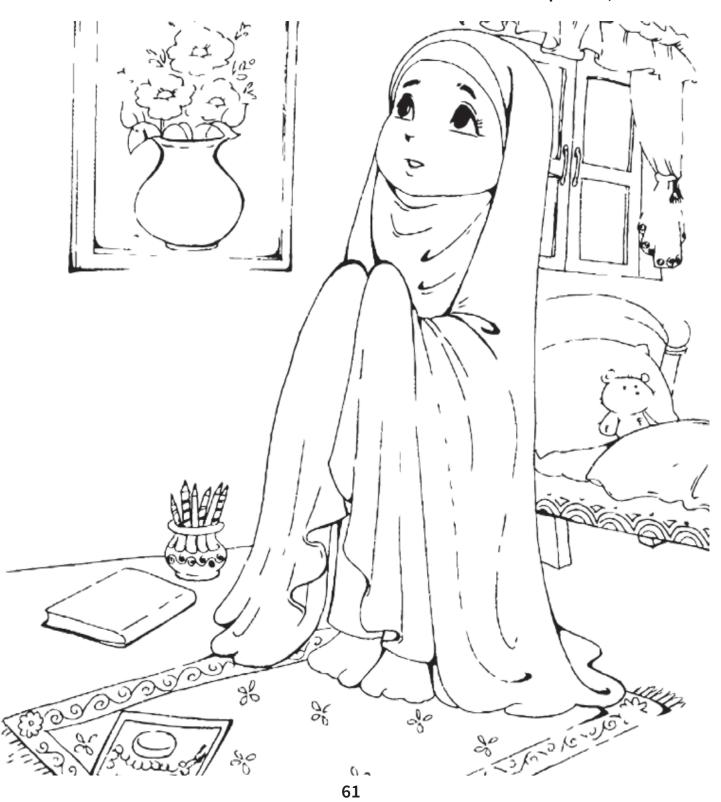


# CHAPTER 5 **ȘALĀH (PRAYERS)**

# Coloring 5.1

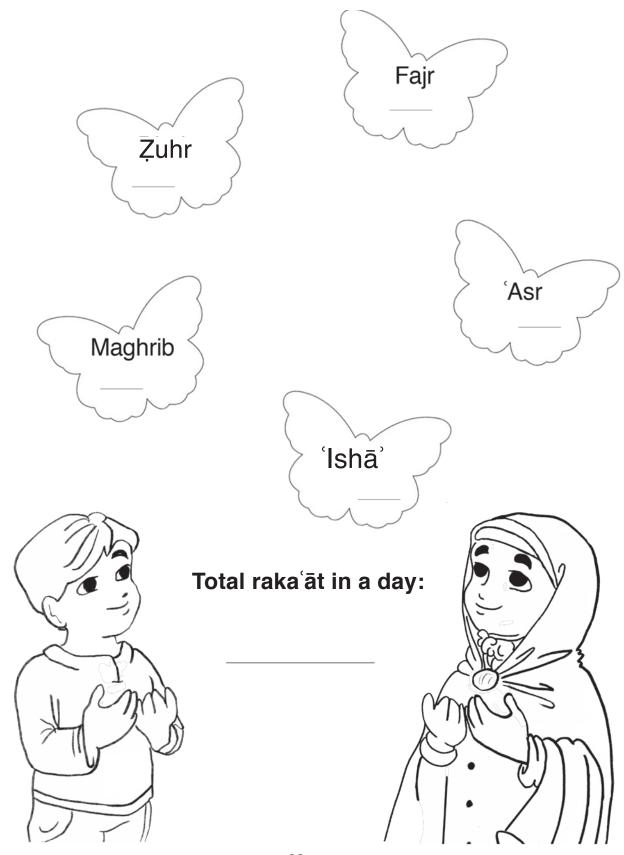
# CAND ESTABLISH THE PRAYERS TO REMEMBER ME

Sūrah Ṭā Hā, Verse 14



# Worksheet 5.1a

Write the number of raka at for each şalāh in the butterflies.

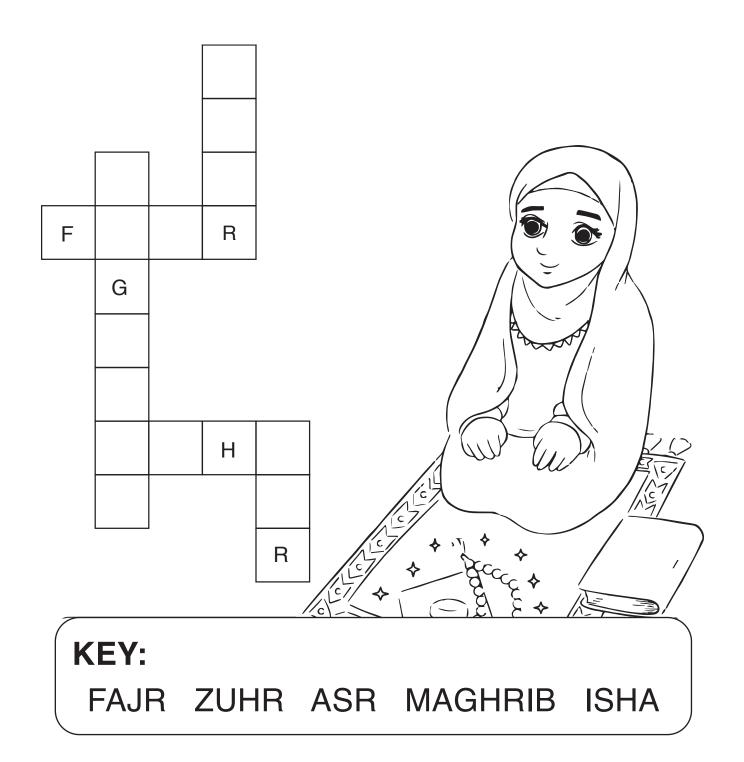


# Worksheet 5.1b

Write the names of the five daily şalāt on the birds and color the illustration.



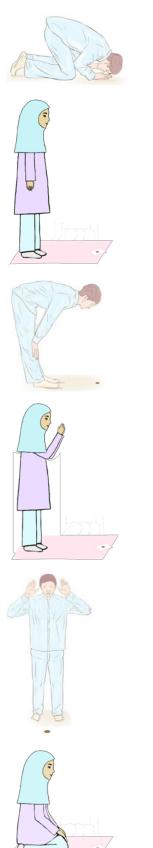
# Worksheet 5.1c



<sup>\*</sup>Please note that diacritic marks (e.g.,  $\bar{a}$ ,  $\bar{i}$ , h) are not used for this crossword puzzle. Instead, write the words without the marks.

# Worksheet 5.2a

For every position in prayer, match the name with the drawing.



Qiyām

Takbīrat ul-lḥrām

Sujūd/Sajdah

Qunūt

Rukūʻ

Julūs/Tashahhud

# Worksheet 5.2b

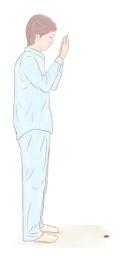
Number the actions of the second rak ah of ṣalāh in their correct order.





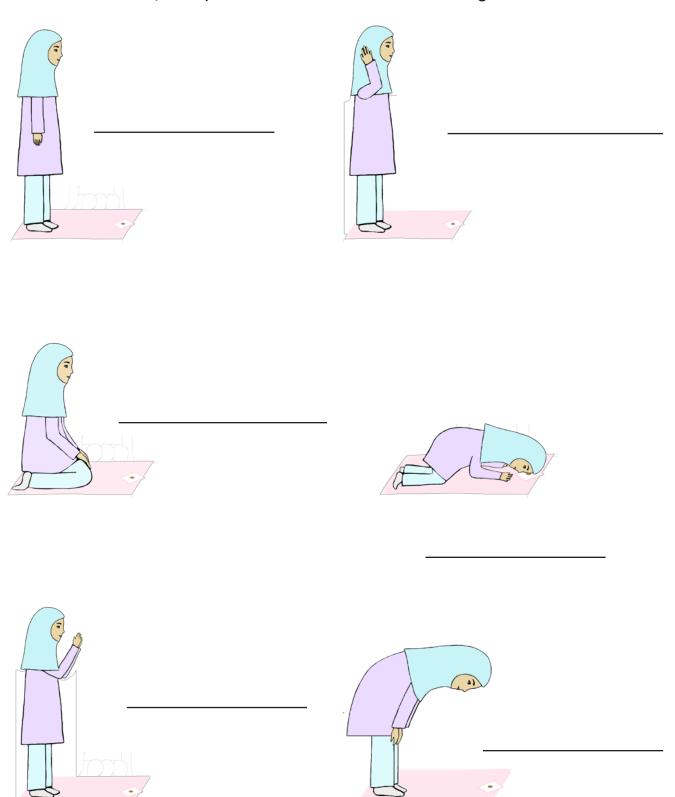






### Worksheet 5.2c

Write the name of the şalāh position next to the correct image.

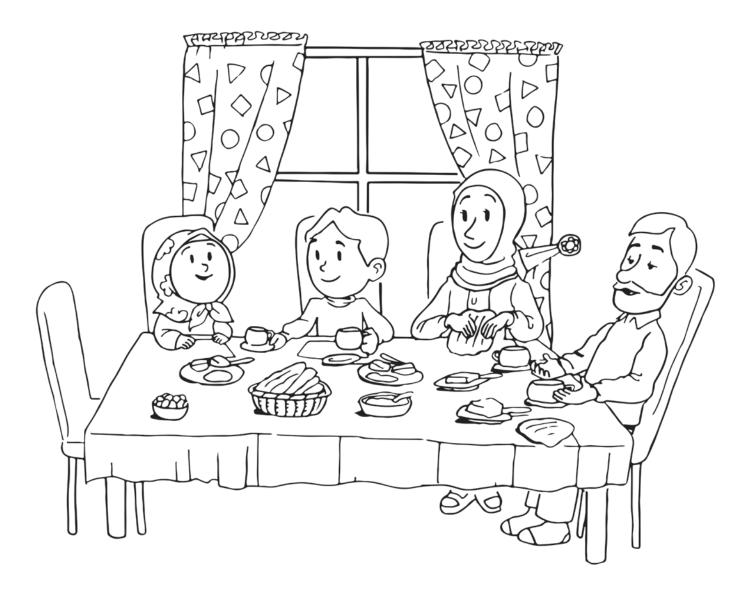


# CHAPTER 6 SAWM (FASTING)

### Worksheet 6.1

Your mother and father have been fasting all day, and now it's time for ifṭār. List a few of your favorite foods that you are going to eat and thank Allah for.



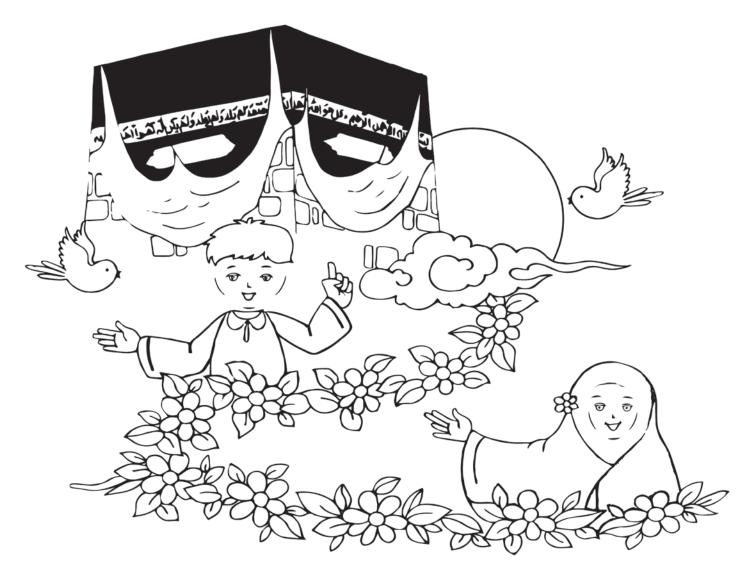


# CHAPTER 7 HAJJ

### Worksheet 7.1

Fill in the blanks.		
1.	is when we visit the Kaʿbah.	
2.	Muslims face toward the Kaʿbah when they do	
3.	The Holy Kaʿbah is located in the city of	
4.	We go for Ḥajj in the month of	
5.	During Ḥajj, everyone wears special clothes called	

### Coloring 7.1

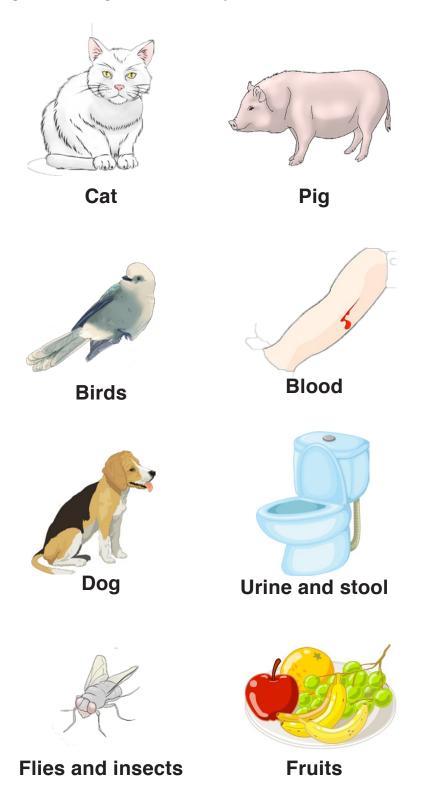


Inshā' Allāh we can all go for Gajj one day!

## CHAPTER 8 NAJĀSAH & TAHĀRAH

### Worksheet 8.1

Circle the images of things that are najis.



# HISTORY & ISLAMIC KNOWLEDGE

### CHAPTER 1 ISLAMIC MONTHS

### Worksheet 1.1

Cut out the names of the Islamic months from the next page and paste them in the correct order. 

### Worksheet 1.1 (con't)

Ramadān	Sha'bān	Jumādī al-Ūlā
Jamādī al-Ukhrā	Rabīʻul- Awwal	Dhul Qa'dah
Dhul Hijjah	Shawwāl	Muharram
Şafar	Rabī' ath- Thānī	Rajab

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# CHAPTER 2 A REVIEW OF THE INFALLIBLES

### **Art Extension 2.1**

### 12 Imāms Clock

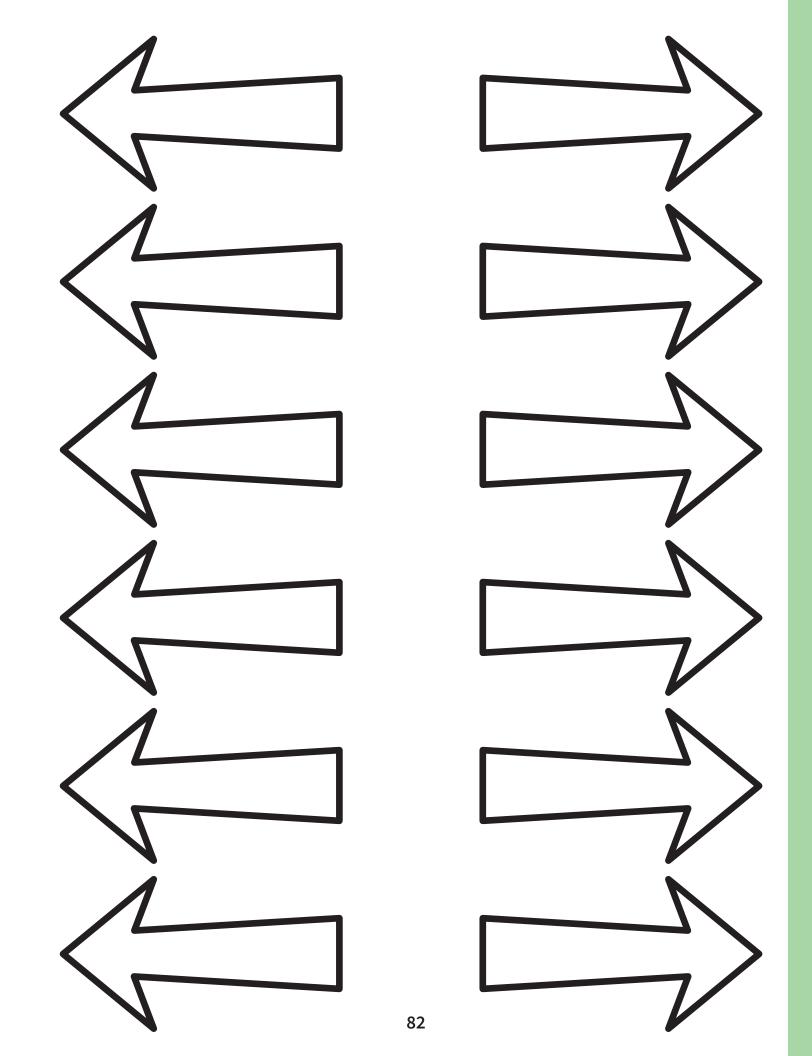
### Materials:

- Pie plates
- Colored construction paper (or the arrows template on the next page)
- Scissors
- Glue
- Brads
- Markers

### **Procedure:**

- Color and decorate the pie plate; write the numbers 1-12 like a clock.
- Draw and cut out 12 arrows (either from construction paper or the template). On each arrow, write the name of each Imām.
- 3. Arrange the arrows at the center of the clock so that they are pointing to the correct number. For example, Imām 'Alī ('a) should be pointing toward the 1, Imām Ḥasan ('a) toward the 2, and so on.
- 4. Poke a hole through the center of the plate and the end of all of the arrows and place a brad to hold them in place.

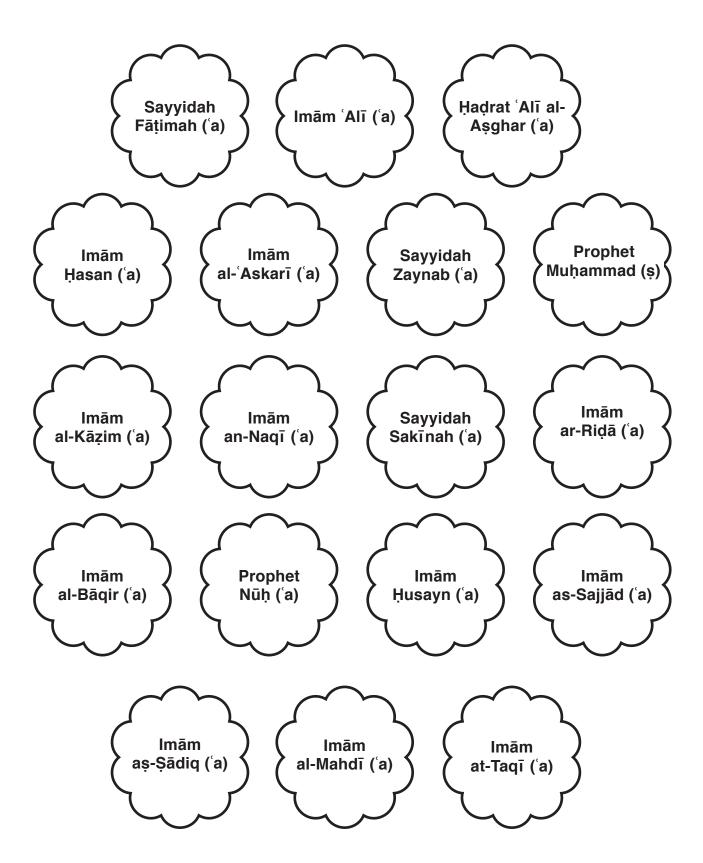




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### Worksheet 2.1

Only color in the flowers with the names of the 14 Ma'samīn inside of them.



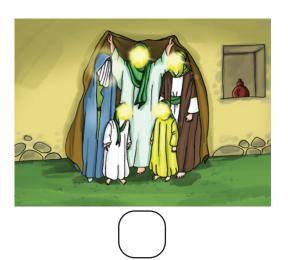
### Worksheet 2.2a

Number the pictures from the story in order.

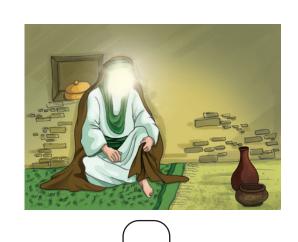












### Worksheet 2.2b

Find the names of the Ahl al-Bayt ('a) in the word search below.

HASAN				λN	ŀ	HUS	AYN		
MUHAMMAD					ALI FATIMA			MAH	
	K	С	U	I	В	F	L	M	D
	В	Т	K	E	Χ	M	Z	L	W
	F	A	U	I	С	U	Q	Ε	В
	I	A	R	L	P	Н	Т	R	С
	K	K	Т	A	I	A	P	U	N
	0	F	K	I	L	M	V	A	A
	Χ	F	M	S	M	M	S	V	J
	D	J	Н	U	S	A	Y	N	Q
	Т	С	0	Н	Н	D	Н	Н	P

<sup>\*</sup>Please note that diacritic marks (e.g., ā, ī, ḥ) are not used for this word search. Instead, find the words without the marks.

# CHAPTER 3 THE FIRST 7 MA'SUMIN

### Coloring 3.1



Prophet Muhammad (s)
was born on the 17th of
Rabi ul-Awwal.

### Worksheet 3.1a

Fill in the missing letter to find the name of the perfect person.

Q\_R° ĀN

ADĪTH

\_\_EGGA

AL-A\_ IN

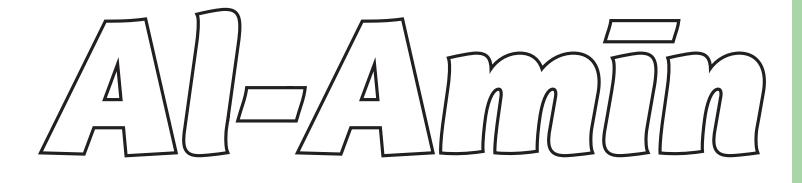
AHL AL-B\_YT (°A)

A\$-\$Ā\_[Q

\_\_\_ \_\_ (\$)

### Worksheet 3.1b

Color the titles of Prophet Muḥammad (ṣ) and write the meaning of each in the lines below.





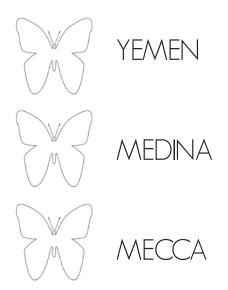
### Worksheet 3.1c

Color the correct sun and butterfly.

The birthday of our Noble Prophet Muḥammad (s) is:



He was born in:



### Worksheet 3.1d

Find the correct names of Prophet Muḥammad's (ṣ)....

Father 'A \_\_ U \_\_ Ā H

Daughter F \_\_ T \_\_ A \_\_

Grandfather 'A \_ D \_ L-M U T T \_ L \_ B

Uncle A \_ Ū Ț \_ L \_ B

Wife K \_\_ A \_\_ \_ J A H

ABD UL-MUŢŢALIB ĀMINAH

'ABDULLĀH FĀŢIMAH

KHADĪJAH ABŪ ṬĀLIB

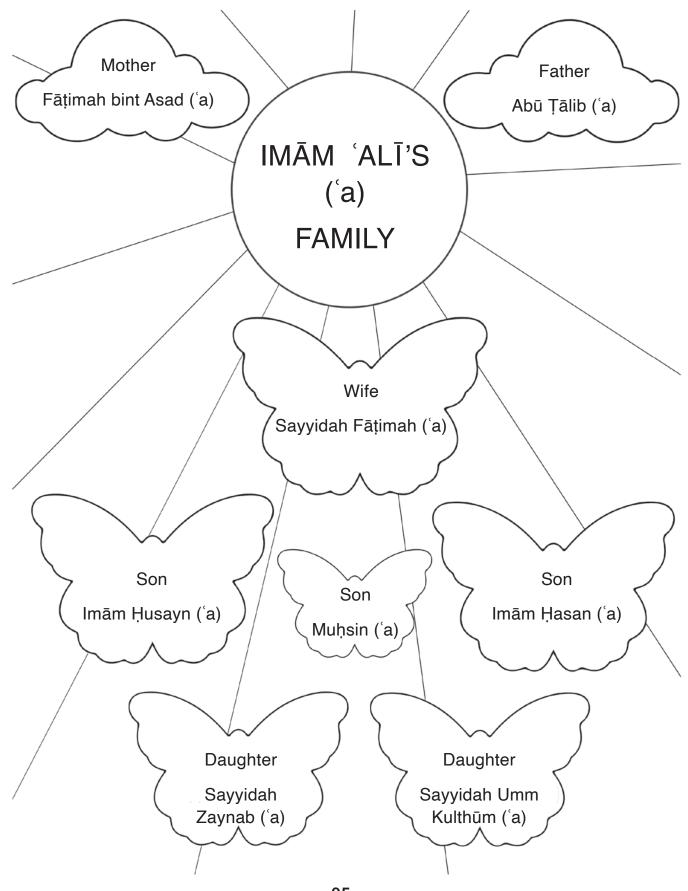


### Worksheet 3.1e

Answer the questions about the story you just read.

·
What does "Muḥammad (ṣ)" mean?
Why did the people start calling Prophet Muḥammad (ṣ) "al-Amīn"?
The people went to 'Abd ul-Muṭṭalib during the drought because he is from the family of
What did 'Abd ul-Muṭṭalib call out three times when he prayed for rain?

### Coloring 3.2a



### Worksheet 3.2a

Imām ʿAlī (ʿa) said,
"If you give me the entire world, to snatch away even one grain from the mouth of an ant, I will never do so."
Illustrate this hadīth by drawing an ant and food in the ant's mouth and drawing a picture of the world and then crossing it out. Color the pictures as well.

### Worksheet 3.2b

Color code or match the members of Imām ʿAlī's (ʿa) family with how they are related to him.

1. Father

1. Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa)

2. Mother

2. Sayyidah Fāṭimah (ʿa)

3. Wife

3. Prophet Muḥammad (ș)

4. Son

4. Imām Ḥasan (ʿa)

5. Son

5. Muḥsin (ʿa)

6. Son

6. Abū Ṭālib (ʿa)

7. Daughter

7. Ḥaḍrat Fāṭimah bint Asad (ʿa)

8. Daughter

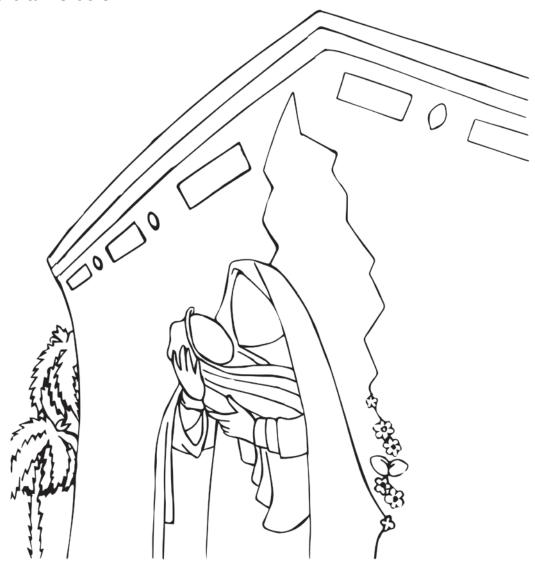
8. Sayyidah Umm Kulthūm (ʿa)

9. Cousin & Father-in-Law

9. Sayyidah Zaynab (ʿa)

### Worksheet 3.2c

Fill in the blanks below.

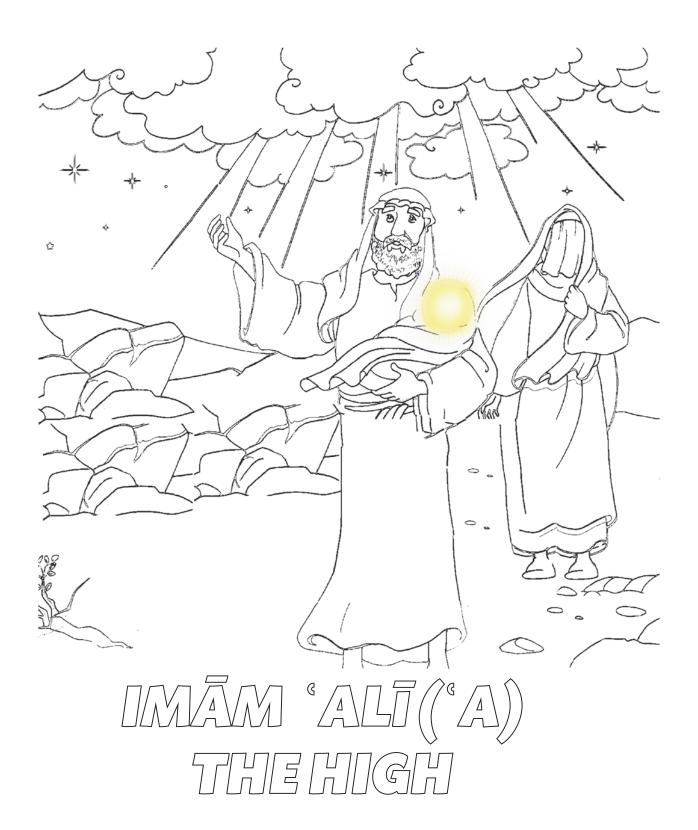


Imām ʿAlī (ʿa) was born on Friday,

the 13th of \_\_\_\_\_

inside the Holy \_\_\_\_\_\_

### Coloring 3.2b

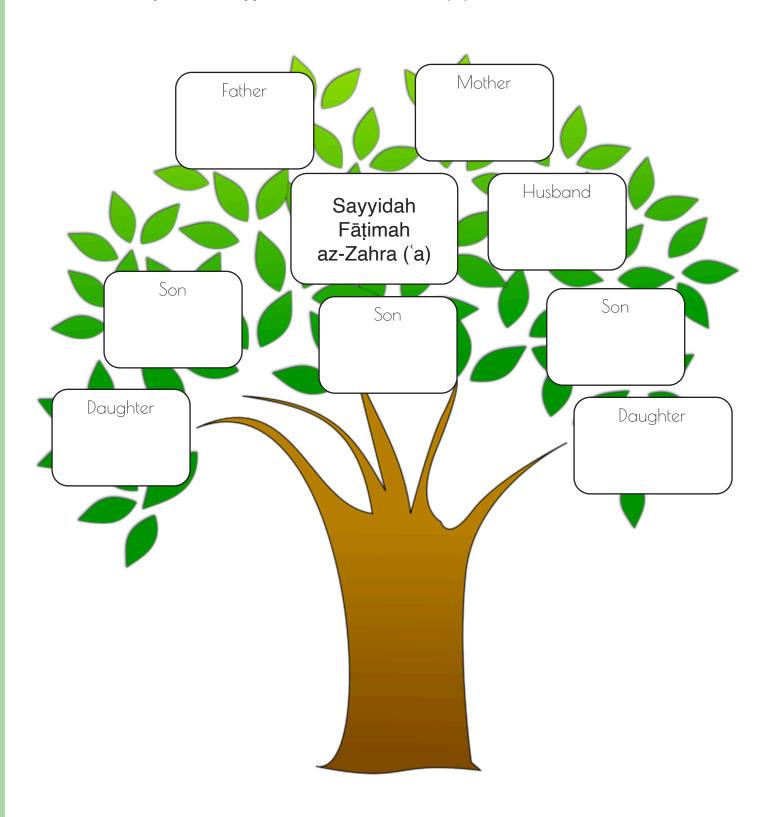


### Worksheet 3.2d

Ans	swer the questions about the story you just read.
1.	Imām ʿAlī (ʿa) was born inside the
2.	Which of Allah's names does Imām ʿAlī's (ʿa) name come from?
3.	Why were the people upset when Fāṭimah bint Asad told them her child will be the first to announce the belief in One God?
4.	Imām ʿAlī (ʿa) showed the highest levels ofand

### Worksheet 3.3a

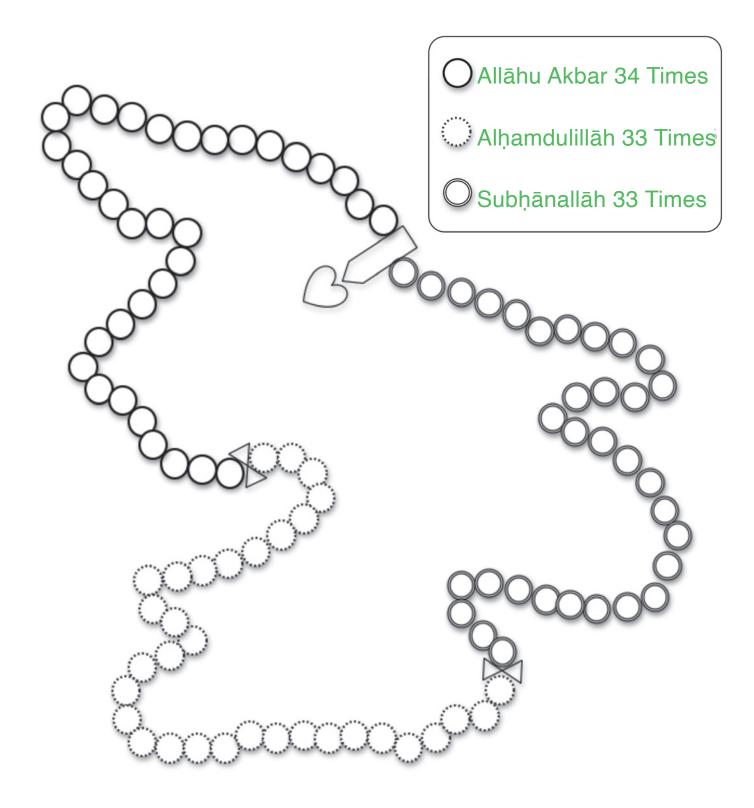
Fill out the family tree of Sayyidah Fāṭimah az-Zahra (ʿa).



### Coloring 3.3

Color the tasbīḥ by the number of times you say the praise to Allah.

HINT: you may have to color one of the dividers.



#### **Art Extension 3.3**

#### Tasbīh Card

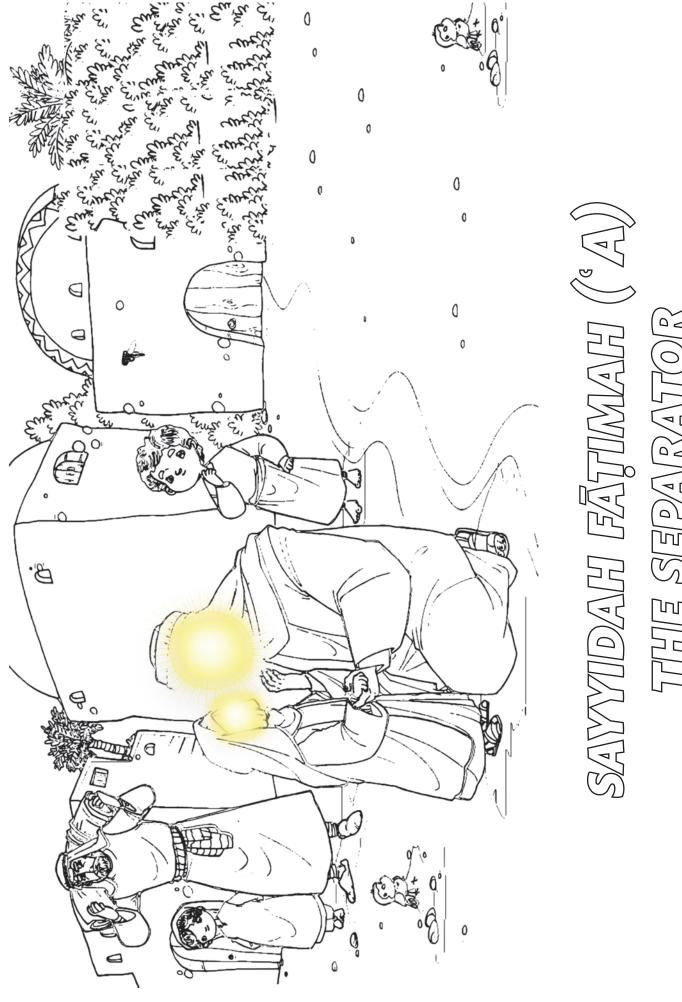
#### Materials:

- Colored construction paper
- Glue
- Markers
- Gemstones
- Tassels
- Optional: crayons, small crown mold

#### **Procedure:**

- 1. Arrange gemstones on a piece of construction paper (can use up to 34 gemstones) in an oval shape.
- 2. Glue them down on the paper.
- 3. Glue the tassel at the top, to make it look like a tasbīḥ.
- 4. Draw a crown in the middle of the tasbīḥ, and decorate the card.
- 5. Optional: melt crayons and using the crown mold, make crowns in the middle.





THE SEPARATION

## Worksheet 3.3b

Answer the questions about the story you just read.

Who were the four Heavenly women who helped Ḥaḍrat Khadījah (ʿa) during the birth of Sayyidah Fāṭimah (ʿa)?
Prophet Muḥammad (ṣ) was always heard saying "Fāṭimah (ʿa) is ""
When the people started calling the Prophet (s) "Rasūlullāh," Sayyidah Fāṭimah (ʿa) also began calling him that, but he told her to call him
"" because it brought joy to his hear
What does "Fāṭimah (ʿa)" mean?
Why is Sayyidah Fāṭimah (ʿa) named "Fāṭimah (ʿa)?"

#### Worksheet 3.4a

#### Circle the correct answers.

- 1. Who was Imām Ḥasan's ('a) father?
  - a. Prophet Muḥammad's (s)
  - b. Imām 'Alī ('a)
  - c. Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa)
  - d. None of the above
- 2. Who was Imām Ḥasan's (ʿa) mother?
  - a. Sayyidah Fātimah ('a)
  - b. Sayyidah Khadījah ('a)
  - c. Sayyidah Zaynab (ʿa)
  - d. None of the above
- 3. Who did not want Imām Ḥasan (ʿa) to be the Imām?
  - a. Muʿāwiyah
  - b. Ju'dah, Imām Ḥasan's ('a) wife
  - c. Ibn Muljim
  - d. Yazīd
- 4. Who poisoned Imām Ḥasan (ʿa)?
  - a. Muʿāwiyah
  - b. Ju'dah, Imām Ḥasan's ('a) wife
  - c. Ibn Muljim
  - d. Yazīd.
- 5. Who recited the adhān and iqāmah in Imām Ḥasan's (ʿa) ears?
  - a. Prophet Muḥammad's (ș)
  - b. Imām 'Alī ('a)
  - c. Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa)
  - d. None of the above
- 6. Who was Imām Ḥasan's (ʿa) brother?
  - a. Prophet Muḥammad's (ș)
  - b. Imām 'Alī ('a)
  - c. Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa)
  - d. None of the above

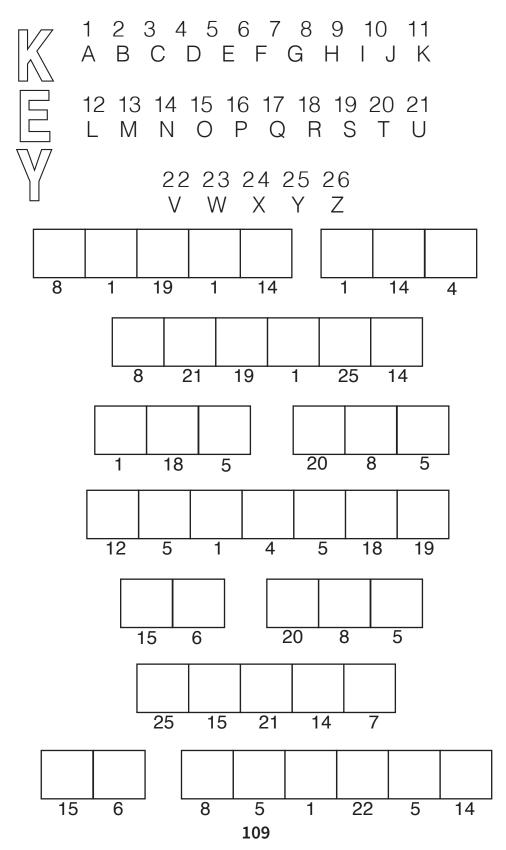


## Worksheet 3.4b

Ans	swer the questions about the story you just read.	
1.	Allah named Imām Ḥasan (ʿa) "Shubbar," just like the son o	of .
2.	Imām Ḥasan (ʿa) even showed kindness to those who	
3.	Once, Imām Ḥasan (ʿa) shared pieces of his bread with	
4.	"Ḥasan (ʿa)" means	or the

#### Worksheet 3.5a

Prophet Muḥammad (ṣ) has many aḥādīth (sayings) about Imām Ḥasan (ʿa) and Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa). One of these sayings is given in the numbers noted below. Find the letters for the same number from the key and write them below.

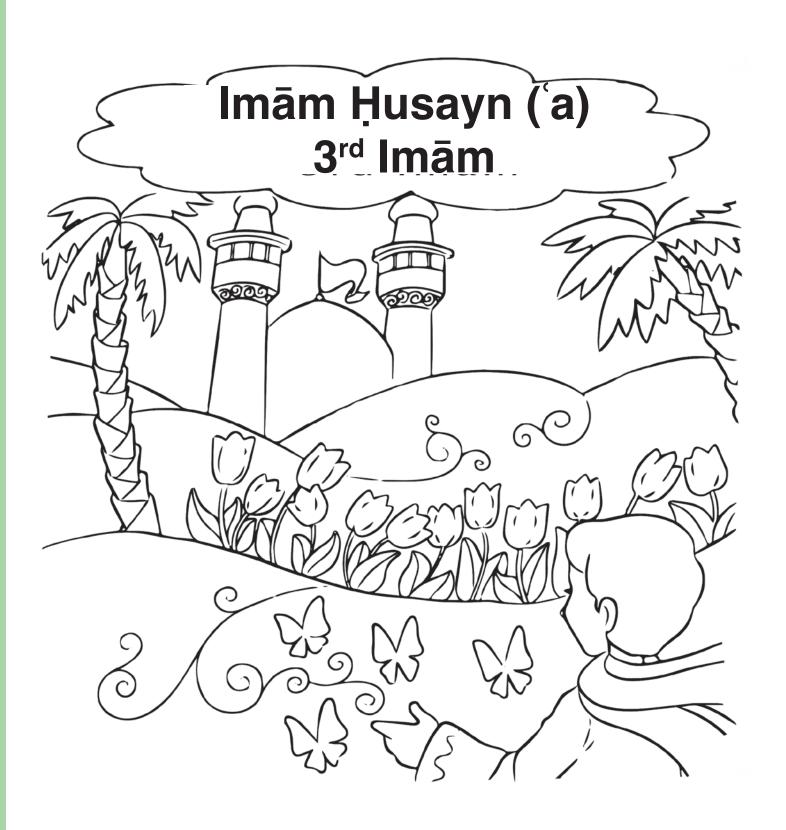


#### Worksheet 3.5b

Many people were martyred with Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa) in Karbala. Do you remember the number? Write the number in the box and color the picture below.



## Coloring 3.5





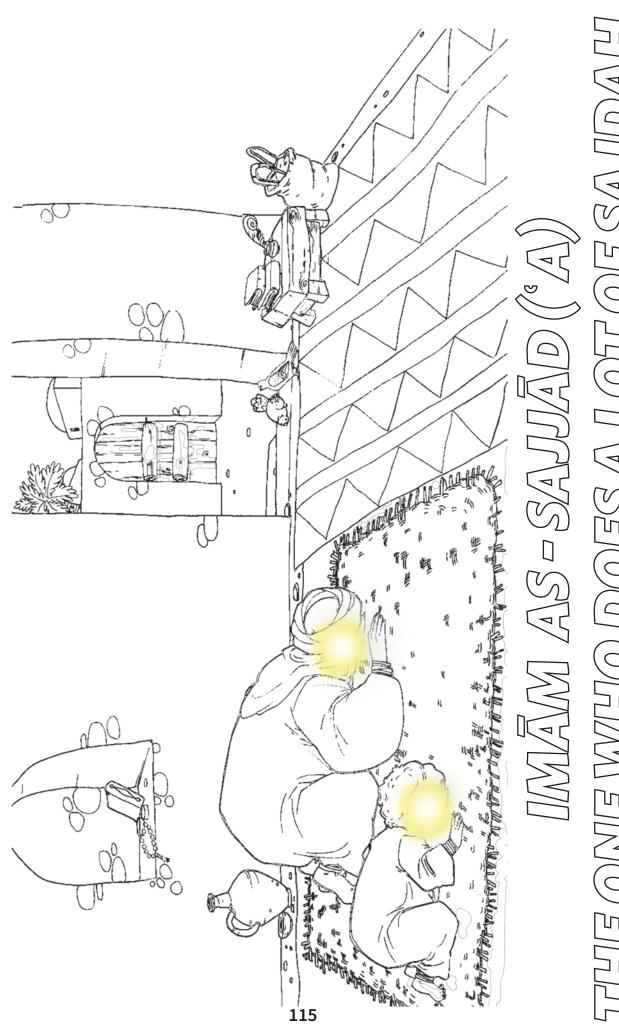
## Worksheet 3.5c

An	swer the questions about the story you just read.
1.	was very special to his brother
	, just like Imām ʿAlī (ʿa) was very special to Prophet Muḥammad (ṣ).
2.	Angel Jabrāʾīl showed Muḥammad (ṣ) the events of
	when Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa) was born.
3.	was the angel who had been
	sent away from Allah's throne, but he got his angelic light back after he
	touched the of Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa).
4.	"Ḥusayn (ʿa)" also means or the

#### Worksheet 3.6a

#### Answer the questions.

- 1. Imām Zayn ul-ʿĀbidīn (ʿa) didn't fight in Karbala because he:
  - a. was not in Karbala
  - b. was too young
  - c. was too sick to fight
  - d. None of the above
- 2. Who made it difficult for Imām Zayn ul-ʿĀbidīn (ʿa) to teach the people about Islam?
  - a. Yazīd
  - b. Mu'āwiyah
  - c. Abū Sufyān
  - d. None of the above
- 3. What is the name of the book of Imām Zayn ul-ʿĀbidīn's (ʿa) teachings?
  - a. Nahj ul-Balāghah
  - b. Şahīfah al-Kāmilāt as-Sajjādiyah
  - c. The Noble Qur'an
  - d. None of the above
- 4. The 4th Imām (ʿa) was known as "Zayn ul-ʿĀbidīn," which means:
  - a. the trustworthy
  - b. leader of the believers
  - c. leader of the martyrs
  - d. beauty of the worshippers



HEONE WHO DOES A LOT OF SAUDAH

## Worksheet 3.6b

Ans	swer the questions about the story you just read.
1.	Why was the 4th Imām ('a) called "as-Sajjād ('a)?"
2.	Sūjūd/sajdah is the position to Allah.
3.	Once, Shayṭān made himself look like a to distract Imām Sajjād (ʿa) while he was praying.
4.	Give one example of when Imām Sajjād (ʿa) would do sajdah, as told by Imām Bāqir (ʿa):

#### Worksheet 3.7a

Circ	le th	e co	rrect	answ	<i>ı</i> er
	10 LI I	$ \cup$ $\cup$		answ	/CI.

1.	lmām	Muḥammad	al-Bāqir	('a) is	s our		lmām.
----	------	----------	----------	---------	-------	--	-------

- a. 3rd
- b. 4th
- c. 5<sup>th</sup>

#### 2. The father of Imām al-Bāqir (ʿa) is

- a. Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa)
- b. Imām Ḥasan (ʿa)
- c. Imām Zayn ul-ʿĀbidīn (ʿa).
- 3. True or False: He was in Karbala when Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa) was martyred.
  - a. True
  - b. False

#### 4. He died because he

- a. Ate poisoned grapes
- b. Rode a poisoned saddle
- c. Was killed with the sword

#### 5. He is buried in

- a. Jannat ul-Baqīʿ
- b. Damascus
- c. Karbala



## Worksheet 3.7b

Ar	iswer the questions about the story you just read.
1.	told Jābir that he would live
	long enough to meet Imām Muḥammad al-Bāqir (ʿa) .
2.	"Al-Bāqir" means the one who
	·
3.	The evil rulers of Imām Bāqir's (ʿa) time were too busy
4.	Because of this, Imām al-Bāqir (ʿa) was able to dedicate his time to starting,
	, and
	<del>-</del>

## Review: The First 7 Ma'sumin

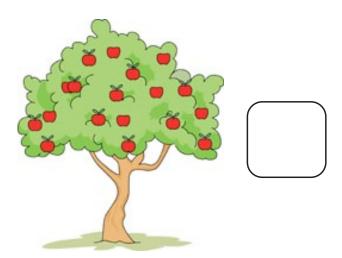
Match each Ma'sam's name with the meaning of his/her name.

1. Prophet Muḥammad	(ș)	The High
---------------------	-----	----------

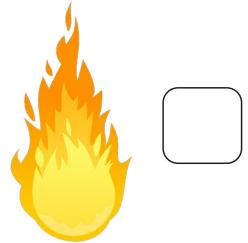
## CHAPTER 4 PROPHETS

#### Worksheet 4.1

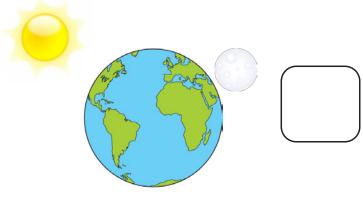
Put the events from the story in order by numbering boxes from 1 to 4.



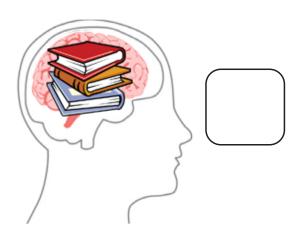
Allah told Prophet Ādam (ʿa) and Ḥaḍrat Ḥawwāʾ (ʿa) not to eat the fruit from the forbidden tree.



One day, Shayṭān will go to the fire along with all the bad people who listen to him.



Allah created the earth and all of the beautiful things in it.



Allah created Prophet Ādam (ʿa) and made him the first Prophet.

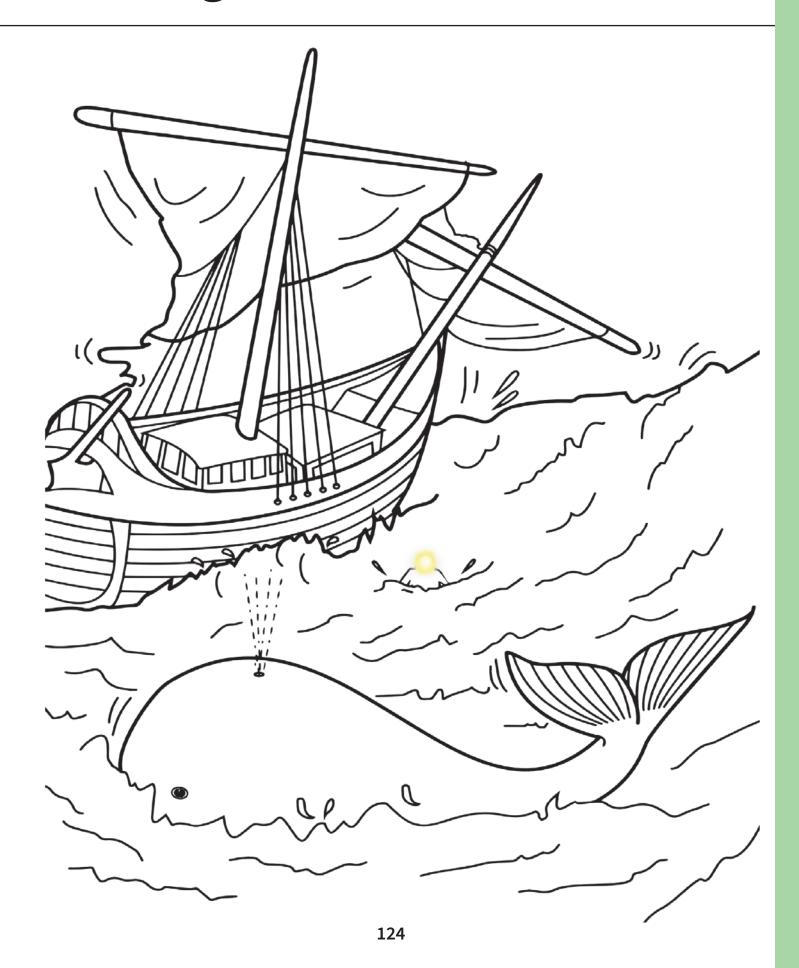
#### Worksheet 4.2

Fill in the blanks using the words from the word bank below:

- 1. Nabī Dawūd (ʿa) was given the miracle of \_\_\_\_\_ with his hands.
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ was appointed as the king of Banī 'Isra'īl.
- 3. The Palestinians were led by a fearsome commander, a huge man by the name of
- 4. The Holy Book given to Nabī Dawūd ('a) is the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. Nabī Dawūd ('a) was king for many years, and after him, his youngest son Nabī \_\_\_\_\_ ('a) became king.

Sulaymān Jālūt Zabūr Ṭālūt melting iron

## Coloring 4.3a



## Coloring 4.3b

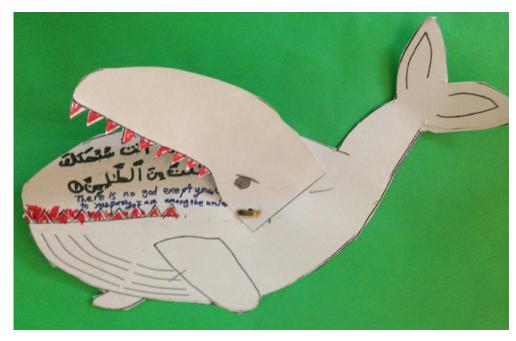


#### **Art Extension 4.3**

#### Dhikr Yūnusīyyā

#### **Materials:**

- Whale template
- Markers
- Colored pencils
- Scissors
- Glue
- Brad clip

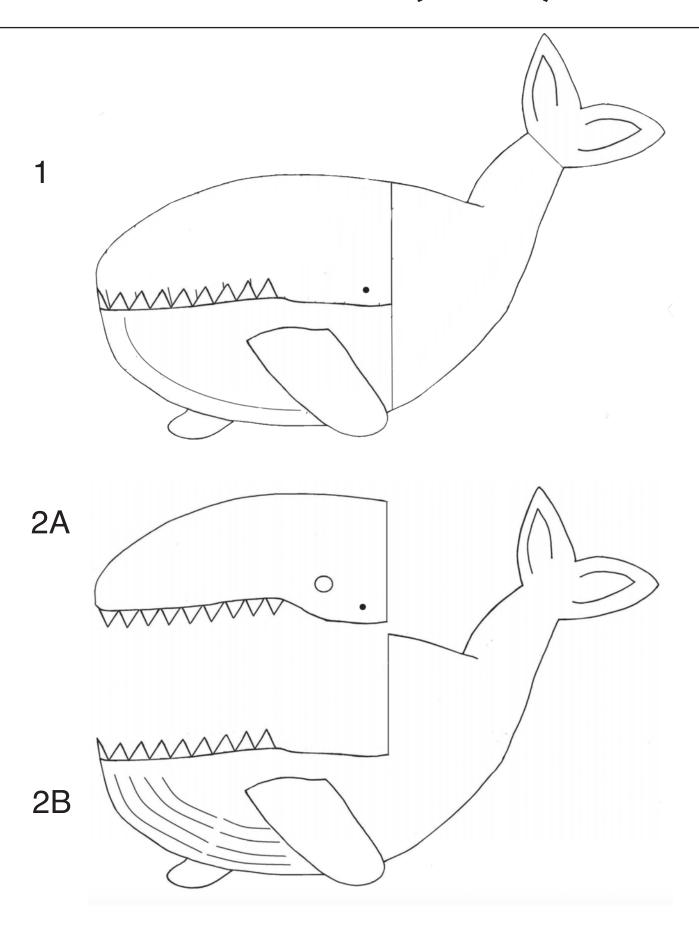


#### **Procedure:**

- 1. Color the two whales on the next page.
- 2. Cut out the two whales.
- 3. On the top part of whale 1 (above the teeth), write the du'ā that Prophet Yūnus ('a) recited that allowed him to get out of the whale.
- 4. Glue part 2B onto part 1.
- 5. Using a brad clip, carefully poke a hole through the solid black dot and attach part 2A to the top of the whale.

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## **Art Extension 4.3 (con't)**



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# CHAPTER 5 PEOPLE OF KARBALA

#### Worksheet 5.1

#### Circle the correct answer.

- 1. Sayyidah Zaynab's ('a) mother was
  - a. Ḥadrat Khadījah (ʿa)
  - b. Sayyidah Fāṭimah (ʿa)
  - c. Sayyidah Āminah<sup>°</sup>
- 2. Sayyidah Zaynab's ('a) father was
  - a. Imām 'Alī ('a)
  - b. The Noble Prophet (s)
  - c. Imām Ḥusayn (ʿa)
- 3. Who named Sayyidah Zaynab ('a)?
  - a. Jabrā'īl
  - b. Allah
  - c. Her best friend
- 4. Allah compared Sayyidah Zaynab ('a) to
  - a. Ḥaḍrat Khadījah (ʿa)
  - b. Ḥaḍrat Maryam (ʿa)
  - c. Sayyidah Kulthūm (ʿa)

## Coloring 5.2



#### Worksheet 5.2

Find the names of the children in Karbala by using the following code:







## AKHLAQ (ETIQUETTE)

# CHAPTER 1 COMMON AKHLĀQ PHRASES

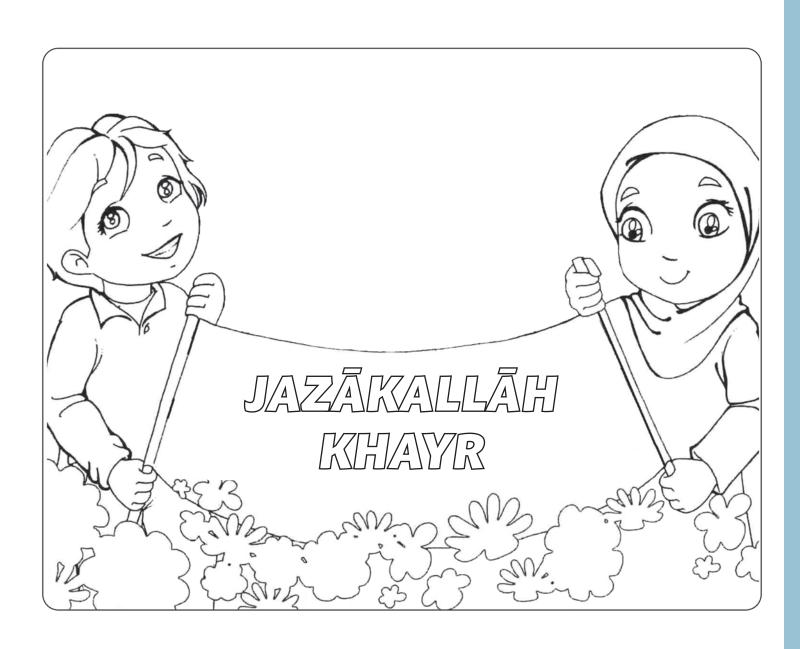
## Worksheet 1.1

Draw pictures of some other deeds that should begin with bismillāh.

## Worksheet 1.2

aw a picture of something you plan t	o do this weekend.
his weekend, I will	
iis weekelia, i wiii	inchā'Al

## Coloring 1.4



## Coloring 1.5







O Allah, send blessings on Muḥammad (ṣ) and the family of Muḥammad (ṣ)



## Coloring 2.1

Find and circle the 6 differences between the two pictures below. Then, discuss!



## Qur'an Connection 2.1

#### **CLEANLINESS**



And your clothes make pure

Sūrah al-Muddaththir, Verse 4 (74:4)

﴿ وَ ثِيَابَكَ فَطَهِّر ﴾

Wa thiyābaka faṭahhir

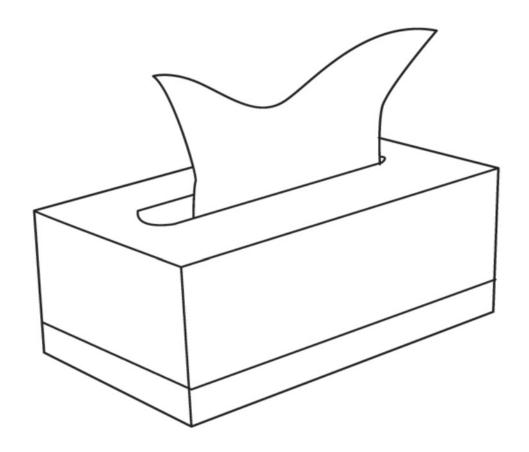
## Coloring 3.1

# SURELY, ALLAH LOVES THOSE WHO KEEP (GLEAN)

Sūrah al-Baqarah, Verse 222



## Coloring 4.1



IMĀM AL-BĀQIR ('A) HAS SAID:

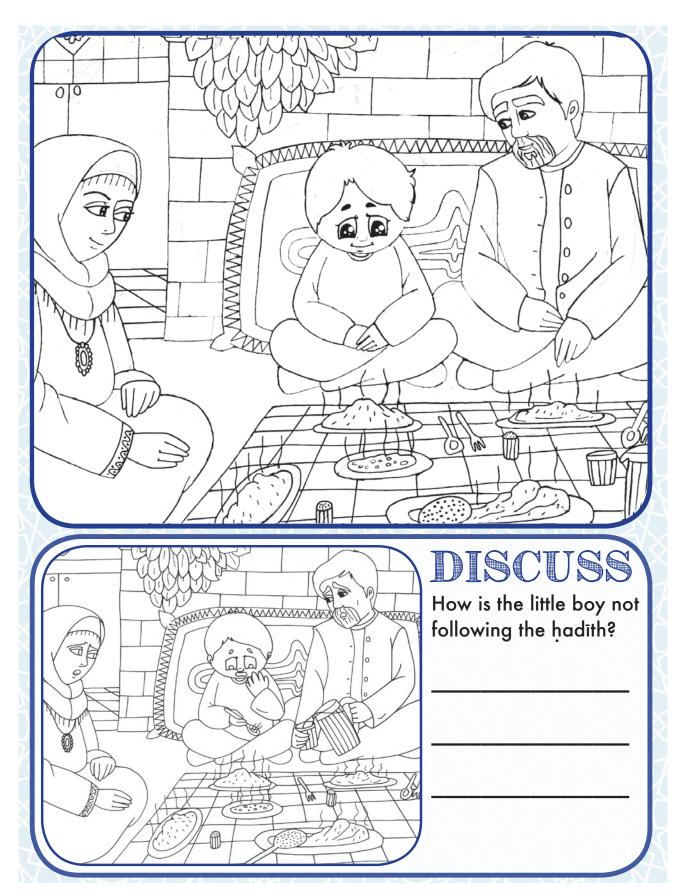
SNEEZING IS A GREAT BLESSING. IT IS GOOD FOR THE BODY.

#### Worksheet 5.1

Look at the pictures below and put an X over all the pictures that show bad table manners and put a check mark over the pictures that show good table manners.



## Coloring 5.1



## Coloring 7.1

Color the picture that is following the hadith and cross out the one that isn't. 0 0 88 How is the little boy not following the hadith?

## Qur'an Connection 8.1

#### BEING GRATEFUL TO YOUR PARENTS



Give thanks to Me (Allah) and to your parents

Sūrah Luqmān, Verse 14 (31:14)

﴿أَنِ آشْكُرْ لِي وَلِوَالِدَيْكَ ﴾

Anishkurlī wa liwālidayka

## STEPS TO PERFECTION

An Islamic Curriculum For Children

The Steps to Perfection 1st grade curriculum strives to build upon the development of a strong Islamic foundation, which began in the kindergarten book. The 'aqā'id section entails a review of the basic tenets of Islamic belief, the shahādah, an introduction to the Uṣūl ad-Dīn (Roots of Religion), and an overview of Allah and some of His attributes. The fiqh unit introduces the ritual of wuḍū' and an in-depth look at how to perform ṣalāh. The history section introduces the Ma'ṣūmīn through stories that highlight their characteristics, in hopes that children will be able to connect to them and develop a bond and unfaltering love that will take root in their hearts. In first grade, the students learn about the first seven Ma'ṣūmīn. The akhlāq section has been made aesthetically-pleasing through colorful illustrations, aḥādīth, and āyāt from the Qur'ān that delve into topics regarding basic manners and cleanliness.









